-Tips for Success-

We Help You Grow: Further information and growing tips can be found at RobertasUniqueGardens.com & QVC.com

Water: Water your plants immediately after taking planting them and about once a week once you've seen them sprout from the soil.

Cages, Thellises, Support These climbing, vining plants should be given some sort of structure to climb up such as a trellis, bamboo stakes or any other creative device you can come up with. Without support, they will languish, but with support their growth will be vigorous.

Gloriosa Lilies Exotic to the next level! Gloriosa Lilies produce some of the most unique flame colored blooms on a vining and twining plant that you would expect to see in a far away jungle on the other side of the world. They're a cinch to grow and produce multitudes of curvy lily like flowers throughout the summer. Bring inside in the winter to continue growing as a houseplant.

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. If you have any questions regarding your order please call us at 1-765-525-4065 during the hours of 8:30 am and 4:30 pm EST.

You can email questions to us at: customerservice@robertasinc.com.

If your bulbs, cuttings, etc. do not sprout, or your plant dies within 90 days from the date of shipment, we will send you a replacement free of charge. We cannot accept responsibility for losses due to extreme weather or neglect. Simply call us at the above toll tree number or fill out the plant replacement form on our website at RobertasUniqueGardens.com.

Roberta's will replace it with a similar or comparable plant at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following year.

Annual and Tropical Plants





3 pcs Gloriosa Climbing Lilies Gloriosa superba



Roberta's Unique Gardens

P.O. Box 368, Waldron, IN 46182 Monday - Friday 8:30_{AM} - 4:30_{PM} EST

Robertas Unique Gardens.com





Quick Reference

Plant Type Tropical

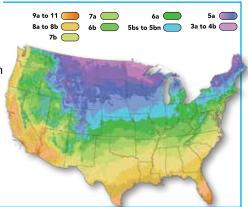
Cught/Sun Full to Partial Sun Outside, Bright Light Inside

Mature Height 12-48"

Mature Spread 6-12"

Bloom Time Summer

USDA Hardiness Zones



Planting Steps

Step / Remove plants from their box and take off other packing materials. Open your box outside or somewhere you don't mind getting messy, as some of the soil may have been shaken loose in transit.

Step 2 Be careful with the tubers as they can be a bit brittle.

Step 3 Choose a location in the garden with morning sun or plant in a container that can receive a half day of sun. Note that they are tropical and should either be brought indoors in the winter to grow as a houseplant or overwintered in a basement, garage, etc.

Step 4 Loosen up the soil and add rich high quality potting mix to the planting location. Gently dig a hole so you can place the tuber horizontally about 2" to 4" beneath the soil surface.

Step 5 Water your tubers in well and continue to water them about once a week until you see them sprout. This could take a few weeks. The warmer the soil, the faster they will sprout.

Plant Caretaking

Upon Arrival: Please take plants out of the box immediately and remove any shipping materials from around the plants. You may store them in a cool dark area for up to two weeks before planting.

Planting Depth & Spacing. Dig a deep enough hole so that you can easily place the tubers in horizontally about 2-4" below the surface of the soil. In the garden you may place them about 2 feet apart. Note that you will need to dig them up at the end of the season to overwinter them if your zone gets cold in the winter.

Potted Plants. Make sure your container has holes to allow excess water to drain. You may plant one in a 8-12" container or multiple together in a larger pot.

Soil Preparation: If you soil is clayish, amend it with standard potting mix to improve drainage.

Watering: To determine if your plant needs water, put your finger in the top of the soil and if the top inch is dry, it is time to water. It is important to make sure young plants do not experience long periods of dryness. However, they also do not like soggy conditions, particularly when the tubers have not yet sprouted.

Fertilizer: Use Roberta's Bounty once a week, but only after your tubers have sprouted from below the soil.

Pet Considerations: Ensure your pets do not consume plants. Some plants are toxic to pets. Do your diligence to protect your pet.

Winter Care If grown in a pot, bring them indoors when the night temperatures start to go below 50F. If grown in the garden, dig them up and store them in vermiculite in a box and keep in a garage, basement or somewhere else that stays above 40F over winter.



