

Tips for Success

Lighting: In the summer growing season, the more sun the better. Inside in the fall and winter, any lighting is o.k.

Dormancy: In the winter months inside the home, plants usually drop all of their leaves December - March. Water them only once a month during this period as their roots are inactive. New leaves will reappear in the spring as they prepare to go outside again. Once they are outside, more frequent watering can begin again.

Temperature Zone: When nights stay above 45-50 degrees place your plants outside and leave them there all summer long- the hotter the better. The point is they like a change in day to night temperatures to grow and bloom properly. When temperatures drop below 45-50 degrees in the autumn, bring your plants inside. If you live where nights rarely drop below 40 degrees, you can leave your plants outside year round.

Pruning: Wear gloves. After 2-3 years you can make your own cuttings by simply pruning off your own branches. Simply cut a 10-12 inch branch. Let it dry out for 2 weeks and plant it. The best time to do this is March -May. Sap may cause skin rash or irritation.



Roberta's Gardens PLANTING AND GROWING GUIDE



Hawaiian Plumeria
Plumeria Rubra

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. If you have any questions regarding your order please call us at **1-800-428-9726** during the hours of 8:30 am and 4:30 pm EST.

You can email questions to us at: plantquestions@robertasinc.com.

If your bulbs, cuttings, etc. do not sprout, or your plant dies within 90 days from the date of shipment, we will send you a replacement free of charge. We cannot accept responsibility for losses due to extreme weather or neglect. Simply call us at the above toll free number or fill out the plant replacement form on our website at RobertasUniqueGardens.com.

Roberta's will replace it with a similar or comparable plant at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following year.

*Thank You
for bringing us into
your home*

Annual and Tropical Plants

Roberta's Unique Gardens


P.O. Box 368, Waldron, IN 46182

Monday - Friday 8:30^{AM} - 4:30^{PM} EST

RobertasUniqueGardens.com

 @robertasgardens  Roberta's Unique Gardens


Quick Reference

 **Plant Type:** Tender Perennial
(Annual)

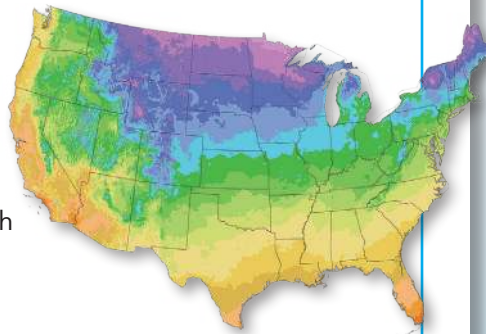
 **Light/Sun:** Full Sun

 **Mature Height:** 4 to 5'

 **Mature Spread:** 3 to 4'

 **Bloom Time:** Mid Summer through
Autumn by 2nd year

 **USDA Hardiness Zones:** 10 to 11



Plant Caretaking

Upon Arrival: These cuttings must be planted immediately. Do not re-cut the end of the cuttings. Plant the flat end of the cuttings down

Planting Depth & Spacing: Use 6 inch pots with drainage holes to start. Transfer gradually one pot size per year in the spring. Once they're in a five gallon pot they'll grow 4-5 feet high with multiple bushy branches.

Potted Plants: Make sure your container has holes to allow excess water to drain. Use 6 inch pots with drainage holes to start. Transfer gradually one pot size per year in the spring. Once they're in a five gallon pot they'll grow 4-5 feet high with multiple bushy branches.

Soil Preparation: Use a regular potting mix that is fast draining. Something with perlite and sand premixed with the dirt is best.

Watering: Water upon planting and every two weeks until 3-4 inch leaves appear. Plumeria definitely like to dry out in between watering especially during the rooting stage as it encourages the roots to form. Next the leaves come. After leafing out, you can water them once or twice a week while they're outside in the hot summer sun.

Fertilizer: Use Roberta's Bounty a couple weeks after planting and then every time you water there after. During the winter dormancy period, discontinue fertilizer usage.

Pet Considerations: Ensure your pets do not consume plants.

Planting Steps

Step 1 Plant immediately. Place the flat end of the cuttings down into separate six inch pots leaving 2-3 inches of potting mix below the bottom of cuttings. Pack firmly around cuttings. Plastic pots with drainage holes work the best

Step 2 Water the plants thoroughly from the top of the soil allowing excess water to drain away through the holes in your pots. They enjoy drying out totally between waterings.

Step 3 Water again every two weeks for the first two months. They need to dry out totally in between watering to form roots and leaves. Too much water can potentially drown them. Avoid early spring rains unless soil is dry prior.

Step 4 Three to four inch leaves appear in June or July. Most often this occurs only after they have been outside in the hot summer. Once they sprout they grow fast! Now, more frequent watering of once or twice a week is o.k.

Step 5 Transplant into the garden or containers as soon as evening temperatures stay above 40F. Dig holes the width of the root ball and deep enough so that the original top of the soil is flush with the new soil line. Water the new location before and after planting your plant. This will help the young roots stay hydrated. Once you've placed your plant in the hole, fill in the rest of the hole with extra soil or potting mix, ensuring the entire root system is covered with soil.

